

Microbiome Analysis Report

#1 (100g)

DEW000

Microbial Population

All the information shown in this microbial report is based on the detected presence of 192 different species.

FUNGAL PHYLUM DISTRIBUTION

Basidiomycota **100%**

Ascomycota < 1%



BACTERIAL PHYLUM DISTRIBUTION

Firmicutes **84%**

Proteobacteria **11%**

Actinobacteriota **4%**

Chloroflexi < 1%

Myxococcota < 1%

Conclusions

STRENGTHS

- Carbon oxidation **18%**
- Inorganic nitrogen release **16%**

Biosustainability

BIODIVERSITY

0.29

0 Richness, evenness and distinctness of microbial species 10

FUNCTIONALITY

1.87

0 Capability of soil microbial communities to perform multiple functions 10

Plant health improvement

Biocontrol agents, plant growth promoting organisms

BIOCONTROL



Microbial species grouped according to the type of pest they encounter, capable of preventing pathogenic species from taking hold or proliferation

Fungicide agents

NOT DETECTED

Insecticide agents

NOT DETECTED

Bactericide agents

NOT DETECTED

Nematicide agents

12%

HORMONE PRODUCTION



Microbial species grouped according to the type of phytohormone they generate

Auxin production (IAA)

CELL DIVISION STEM ELONGATION

65%

Cytokinin production (CK)

CELL PROLIFERATION CELL DIFFERENTIATION

80%

Gibberellin production (GA)

STEM ELONGATION GERMINATION FLOWERING

71%

STRESS ADAPTATION



Microbial species grouped according to their relationship with the metabolisms linked to the capability to withstand stress conditions

Exopolysaccharide production

NUTRIENT TRAP SALINITY PROTECT. DROUGHT PROTECT.

9%

ACC deaminase (ACC-d)

PATHOGEN PROTECT. SALINITY PROTECT. DROUGHT PROTECT.

81%

Heavy metal resistance

BIOREMEDIATION DETOXIFICATION ALLEVIATE HEAVY METAL STRESS

15%

Salicylic acid (SA)

DROUGHT PROTECT. SALINITY PROTECT. ALLEVIATE HEAVY METAL STRESS

NOT DETECTED

Salt tolerance

SALINITY PROTECT. ROOT GROWTH PROMOTION

78%

Abscisic acid (ABA)

GROWTH REGULATION PLANT RESISTANCE INCREASE YIELDS

NOT DETECTED

Siderophore production

IRON AVAILABILITY BIOFERTILIZER

36%

Nutrition

Nutritional status based on the microbial mobilization of certain compounds

MAJOR COMPOUNDS

C Carbon

GAIN

Carbon fixation — 18%

LOSS

Aerobic respiration — 19%

Fermentation — 88%

Methanogenesis — 10%

INDIRECT BENEFITS

Organic matter release — 65%

N Nitrogen

NUTRIENT SUPPLY

Inorganic nitrogen release — 16%

NUTRIENT COMPETITION

Inorganic nitrogen consumption — 14%

INDIRECT BENEFITS

Nitrogen cycle — 52%

P Phosphorus

NUTRIENT SUPPLY

Inorganic P solubilization — 2%

NUTRIENT COMPETITION

Inorganic P consumption — 83%

INDIRECT BENEFITS

Organic P assimilation — 100%

K Potassium

NUTRIENT SUPPLY

Potassium solubilization — 2%

NUTRIENT COMPETITION

Potassium consumption — 43%

MINOR COMPOUNDS

Fe **Iron**
Iron assimilation — 22%

Zn **Zinc**
Zinc transport equilibrium — 31%

Mn **Manganese**
Manganese transport equilibrium — 89%

S **Sulfur**
Sulfur cycle equilibrium — 74%

Ca **Calcium**
Calcium transport — 18%

Cu **Copper**
Copper export — 51%

Mg **Magnesium**
Magnesium transport — 84%

Cl **Chlorine**
Chlorine transport — 9%